How to communicate user experience in a consistent and effective manner?



Knut Kvale

Telenor Research

The PLAIN 2019 conference, Oslo 26-27. September 2019.













Opening hours

Monday – Friday: 08:30-16:30

Saturday – Sunday: Closed

Weekend offer:

30% discount

Touchpoints have many names

service encounter incidents interaction point moment of truth contact point



Customer journeys have even more names



Hence, we need a common set of definitions of touchpoints and customer journeys, and a set of guidelines on how we actually apply them in practice.



Touchpoints

Touchpoint (def) = instance of communication between a customer and a company

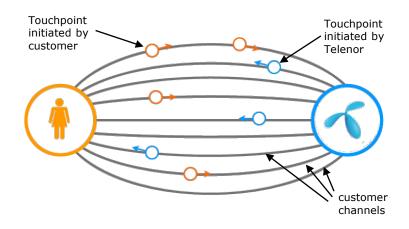
Essential attributes:

<channel>

<initiator>

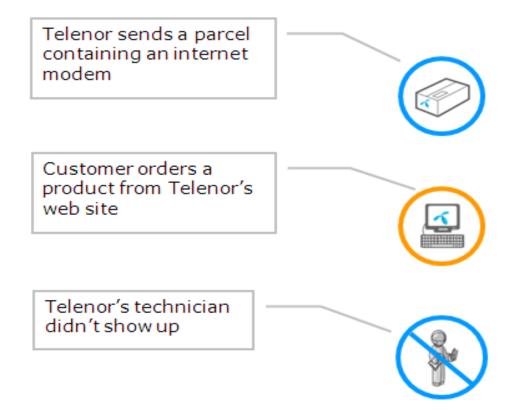
<trace>

<time stamp> the time when the touchpoint took place the customer channel that mediate the touchpoint the initiator of the event (Telenor or the customer) physical or electronic content that emerge





Touchpoints - examples





Customer journey

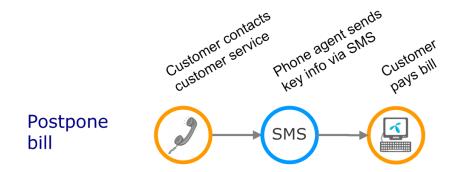
Customer journey (def) = a customer's interactions with Telenor to achieve a specific goal

Essential attributes:

```
<journey start> first touchpoint
<journey end> last touchpoint
```

<# touchpoints> number of touchpoints in the journey (n = 1,2 ..)

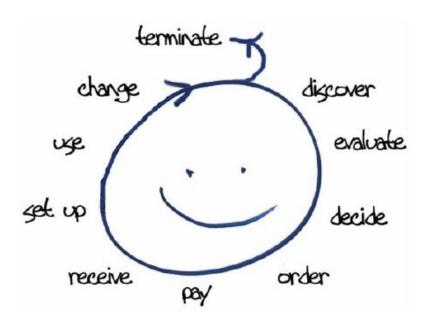
<duration> duration of customer journey (sec., days, weeks)





Customer lifecycle vs Customer journey

Customer lifecycle: a customer's overall relationship with the operator, from beginning to end



Customer lifecycle





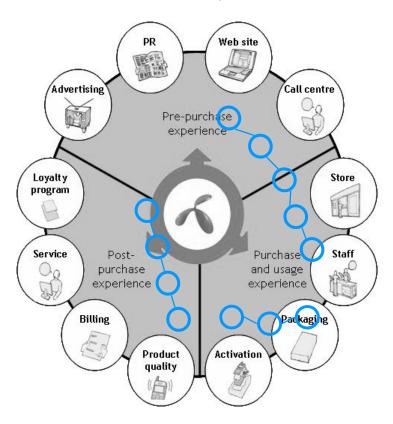
Customer lifecycle vs Customer journey

• Customer lifecycle: a customer's overall relationship with the operator, from beginning to end

Customer journey: a customer's interactions with an operator to achieve a specific goal

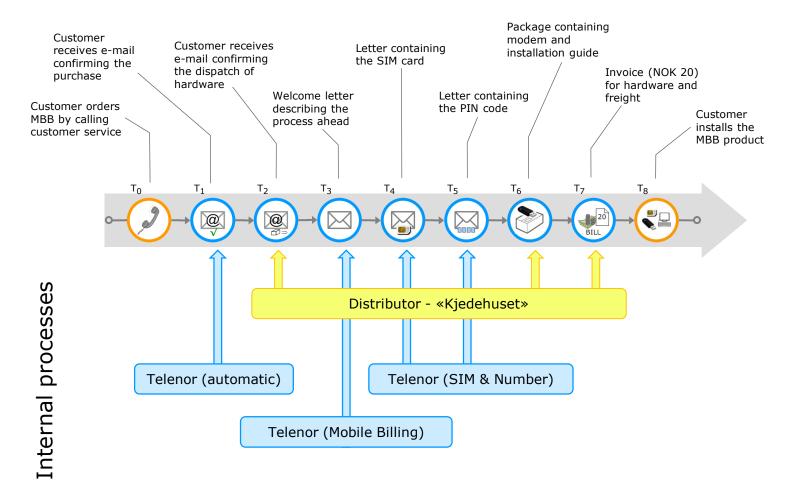
- involves one or more touchpoints
- involves one or more channels
- the customer experience is influenced both by achieving the goal, and the experiences during the journey
- a generic customer journey: e.g. ordering and installing Mobile broadband

Customer lifecycle





Customer Journey Design: The expected journey Example: Mobile Broadband (MBB), Telenor Norway, 2010

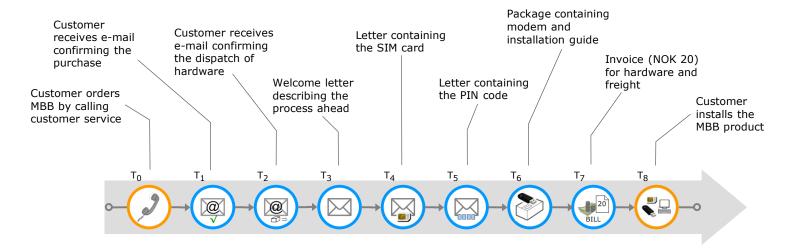


Sources:

- Communication with responsible units
- Communication with customer service
- Mystery shopping
- Logics deducted from content (e.g. process described in a letter)



Customer Journey Design: The expected journey Example: Mobile Broadband (MBB), Telenor Norway, 2010

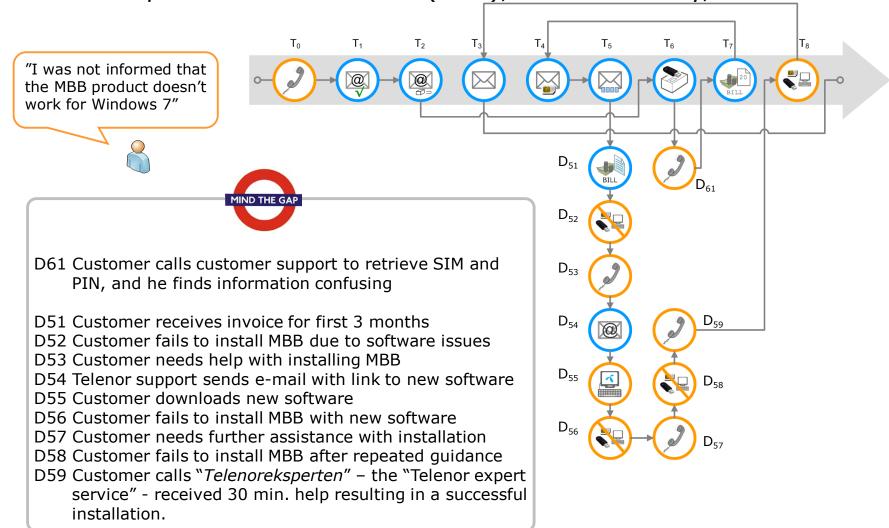


Date and time	Type of contact	Description of what happened	Your exp (Cross)	oerience Comments	Suggestions on how to improve
12. Nov. Kl 17:30	E-mail	I received an e-mail that confirmed my order	© ⊗ •	OK, but the information was a bit confusing	Make price and subscription type more clear.
13.Nov. Kl 13:30	Written letter	Received a welcome letter from Telenor	© •	The information was clear. Short and to the point.	Nothing special.



Customer Journey Mapping: The actual journey for each customer

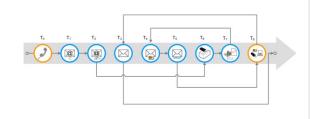
Example: Mobile Broadband (MBB), Telenor Norway, 2010

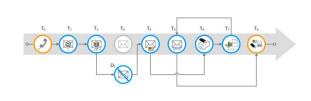


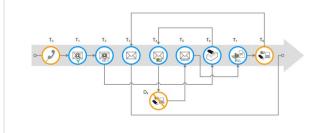


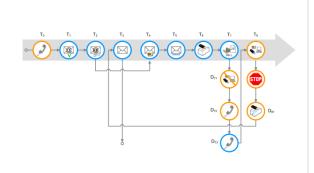
Customer called for support 4 times. One support session lasted for 30 min.

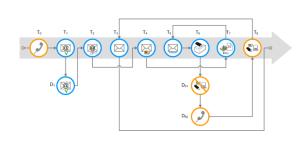


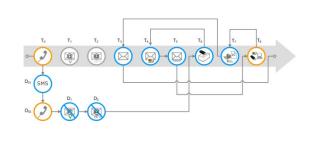


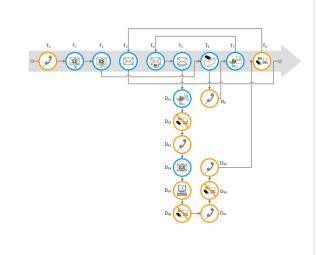


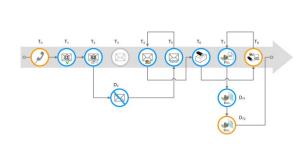


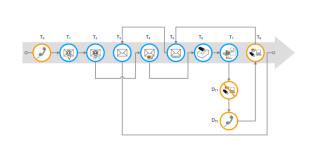


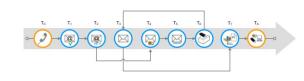


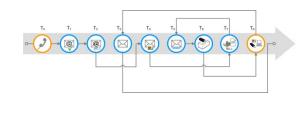


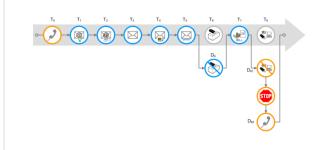


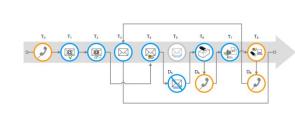


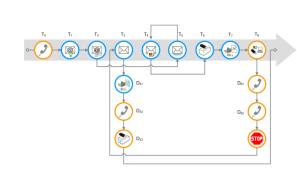


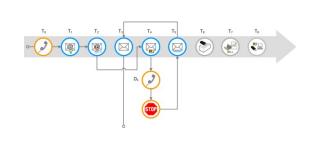


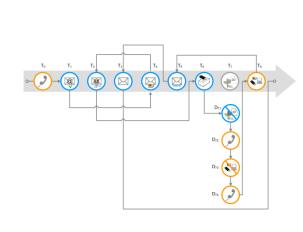


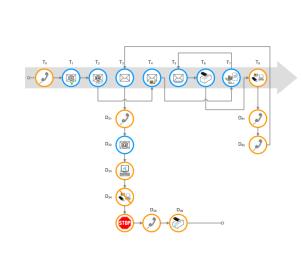


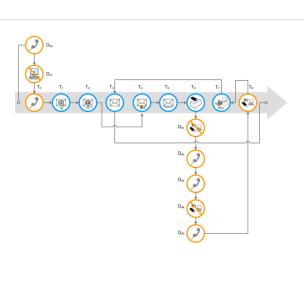


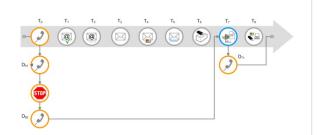


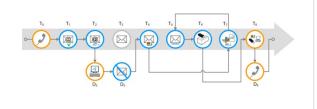


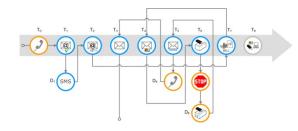


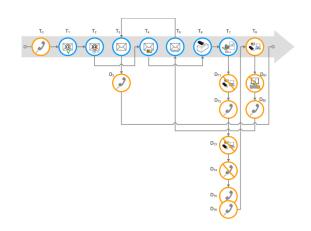


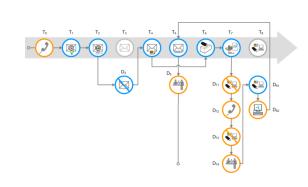












No one followed the expected process!

The best Mobile Broadband product in Norway





"Norges beste mobile bredbånd"

"Vi har testet og målt landet rundt, og vinneren er klar" . Amobil 12. feb 2011



Telenor Customer Journey Framework

Introduction

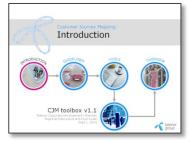
What: General introduction to CJM:

Background, key principles,

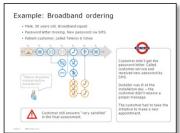
walk-through of case studies, and

executive summary

Who: General audience, decision makers







Guidelines

What: Detailed guidelines for carrying out a

CJM analysis. The guidelines consist

of 5 phases and 26 steps

Who: CJM coordinator + team







Tools

What: Tools and templates that supplement

the guidelines, and case studies that exemplify their use and potential

Who: CJM coordinator + team







Document overview

What: Detailed overview of toolbox content,

sorted by templates, case studies, file

formats and language

Who: CJM coordinator + team

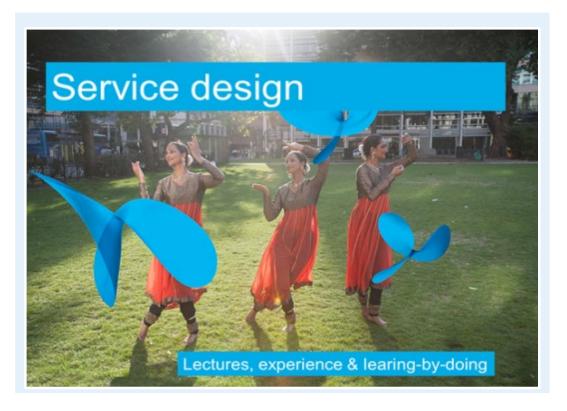






Telenor Service Design Academy

- Training program 2014



GOALS

A shared and common understanding of what service design is in a Telenor context

Understanding how service design is and means for driving customer centric transformations and differentiations in market place

Make the participants be able to practice service design in daily operations

Tools to take this area further in the daily operations

Individual trainings and further education, list of contacts to internal and external competence





Improving service quality through customer journey analysis

Ragnhild Halvorsrud

Department of Networked Systems and Services, SINTEF, Oslo, Norway Knut Kvale

Department of Research, Telenor Research, Fornebu, Norway, and Asbjørn Følstad

> Department of Networked Systems and Services, SINTEF, Oslo, Norway

Abstract

Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to propose a framework based on customer journeys for a structured portrayal of service delivery from the customer's point of view. The paper also introduces customer journey analysis (CJA) for empirical investigation of individual service experiences in a multichannel environment.

Design/methodology/approach – The paper presents case studies for onboarding new customers on broadband services. CJA starts with modeling of the service process in terms of touchpoints. The individual customer journeys are reconstructed through methodological triangulation of interviews, diary studies, and process tracking.

Findings – The paper provides empirical insights into individual customer journeys. Four types of deviations during service delivery are identified occurrence of ad hoc touchpoints, irregularities in the sequence of logically connected touchpoints, occurrence of failures in touchpoints, and missing touchpoints. CJA seems effective in revealing problematic and incoherent service delivery that may result in unfavorable customer experiences.

Ragnhild Halvorsrud, Knut Kvale and Asbjørn Følstad (2016). "Improving Service Quality through Customer Journey Analysis". Journal of Service Theory and Practice, (2016) Vol. 26, Issue: 6, pp. 840-867.

Outstanding Paper of the Year award 2017 in the Journal of Service Theory and Practice "for its contribution and impact on the service management field in Emerald".



